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**IDENTIFIERS** 

\*Small Business Management

### ABSTRACT

The general purpose of the occupational analysis is to provide workable, basic information dealing with the many and varied duties performed in the small business management occupation. The document opens with a brief introduction followed by a job description. The bulk of the document is presented in table form. Twelve duties are broken down into a number of tasks and for each task a two-page table is presented, showing on the first page: tools, equipment, materials, objects acted upon; performance knowledge (related also to decisions, cues and errors); safety--hazard; and on the second page: science; math--number systems; and communications (performance modes, examples, and skills and concepts). The duties include: supervising purchase of merchandise, hiring of personnel, maintenance of equipment, personnel, and building maintenance; managing merchandise, operating procedures, merchandise promotions, business operating policies, physical facilities, and business finance; and insuring coverage of business losses. The document concludes with supplementary materials, and a glossary of business terms. (BP)

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Occupational Analysis

CE 004 195

# SMALL BUSINESS MANAGER

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Instructional Materials Caboratory Grade and Industrial Education The Ohio State University CV :

# AN ANALYSIS OF THE SMALL BUSINESS MANAGING OCCUPATION

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### FOREWORD

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The occupational analysis project was conducted by The Instructional Materials junction with the State Department of Education, Division of Vocational Education pursuant to a grant from the U.S. Office of Education. Laboratory, Trade and Industrial Education, The Ohio State University in con-

Instructors were selected from Agriculture, Business, Distributive, Representatives from Business, Industry, Medicine, and Education were involved with The Occupational Analysis project was proposed and conducted to train vocational educators in the techniques of making a comprehensive occupational Home Economics and Trade and Industrial Education to gain experience in developing analysis documents for sixty-one different occupations. the vocational instructors in conducting the analysis process.

on sound principles of learning and behavior. Phase two was the identification, selection and orientation of all participants. The training and work-Phase one involved the planning occupations in which they had employment experience. The instructors were The analysis process was based during which teams of vocational instructors conducted an analysis of the assisted by both occupational consultants and subject matter specialists. shop sessions constituted the third phase. Two-week workshops were held The project was conduc.ed in three phases. and development of the project strategies.

formance in the occupation. The analysis data provided a basis for generating occupations. The analysis included a statement of the various tasks performed The project resulted in producing one hundred two trained vocational instrucvarious occupations. Occupational analysis data were generated for sixty-one skills of mathematics, science and communication needed for successful pertools and equipment; procedural knowledge; safety knowledge; concepts and instructional materials, course outlines, student performance objectives, criterion measures ss well as identifying specific supporting skills and tors capable of conducting and assisting in a comprehensive analysis of in each occupation. For each task the following items were identified: knowledge in the academic subject areas. Ç

>

### PREFACE

ually owned small business. His/her duties would predominantly be those of supervision and management. Although, depending upon the size or nature of the business, the mandirector of operations. The work situation would dictate which duties would be appli-The small business manager is responsible for the successful operation of an individager might be called upon to perform, as well as supervise, certain everyday, menial cable in individual cases. The stated duties are designed to be general enough that tasks. It cannot be assumed, however, that his/her job would consist of more than they could be applied to the operation of any small business.

# ACKNOWLEDGMENT

matter area and serw 1 as training assistants in the analysis process during subject matter specialists. They provided input to the vocational instructors in identifying related skills and concepts of each respective subject We wish to acknowledge the valuable assistance rendered by the following the two-week workshops.

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Lillian Yontz, Biology The Ohio State University Caldwell, Ohio A

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identifying and coordinating the vocational instructors and consultants in Distributive The following individuals are acknowledged for their organizational assistance in Education.

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Distributive Education Instructional
Materials Laboratory
Columbus, Ohio

James R. Gleason Indian Hills High School Cincinnati, Ohio Acknowledgment is extended to the following I.M.L. staff members for their role in conducting the workshops; editing, revising, proofing and typing the analyses.

Administrative Assistant Editorial Consultant Research Associate Typist Typist Typist lypist | lyp1st **lypist** Pypist Pypist Cypist **Pypist** Spist lypist Carol Fausnaugn Mindy Fausnaugh Marsha Opritza Kathy Roediger Barbara Hughes Sue Holsinger Sheila Nelson Rita Buccilla Peg Bushelman Rita Hastings Faith Justice Carol Marvin Carol Hicks Mary Salay Patti Nye

### JOB DESCRIPTION

establishing and managing operating policies, managing facilities of business, managing business. This individual is responsible for performing either personally or through business fianances, insuring coverage of business losses, and keeping of business records. The performance of these duties is dependent upon the size and nature of a hiring of personnel, supervising maintenance of equipment and building, establishing and managing operating procedures, personnel supervision and merchandise promotions, A retail small business manager is responsible for the operation of a retail small subordinates, the following duties: purchasing merchandise, managing merchandise, retail business.



Duty A Supervising Purchase of Merchandise

Determine merchandise to be purchased Select sources of merchandise

Determine quantity of merchandise

11

Order merchandise Supervise recording of merchandise ordered 410

MATERIALS,  MATERIALS,  rds  class  Consider consumer demands  Consider type of business  Consider previous merchandise  and sales  Consider merchandise  Consider merchandise  Consider merchandise  Review and evaluate merchandise  Review and evaluate merchandise  Review and evaluate merchandise  Consult professional assistance  Decide on merchandise  Analyze knowledge gathered in  steps, keeping in mind what is best  for the business	
ds d	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON Previous sales records Merchandise catalogs Supplier outlets and manufacturers Professional assistance Professionalses to be carried or handled	

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ASK	
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MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
SCIENCE	Professionalism  1. Maintain capacity to foster trust 2. Maintain capacity to foster confidentiality 3. Maintain capacity to foster cooperation 4. Maintain capacity to generate integrity 5. Maintain capacity to function efficiently when encountering fast changing, multiple, personal or situational variables

Exhibit qualities of self-confidence, self-control, self-riliance, self-respect and adaptability

•

Supervision

1. Grant appropriate regard for customer's unique

Communicate pride in establishment

needs

3

			4.0
SKILLS/CONCEPTS	OMMUNICATIONS CODE)		•
	(REFER	1. SCK 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM 6. TCM	
	_	<u> </u>	
EXAMPLES		Talking to suppliers Reading product descriptions Writing merchandise reports Hear sales talks See merchandise Physically examine merchandise	
		6.5.4.3.2.1.	
PERFORMANCE MODES		Speaking Reading Writing Listening Viewing Touching	
~			
		4444	

(TASK STATEMENT)

Catalogs  Catalogs  Previous sources  Attend trade shows  Visit manufacturing source  Calculator  Adding machine  DECISIONS  Select correct source of merchandise  Consider assortment of merchandise  Consider coulty of merchandise  Consider available sources of source  Consider seturas, readit, guarantee, and assistence  Consider reputation of source  Consider reputation of source  Consider reputation of source  Consider source  Consider quality of merchandise  Consider correct source of  merchandise	SAFETY HAZARD		Selection of wrong source
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MA  DBJECTS ACTED UPON  Catalcgs  Attend trade shows Visit manufacturing sour  Calculator  Adding machine  Select correct source merchandise	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Determine merchan Consider source Consider source- Consider availat Consider consider onsider onsider consider onsider onsider	CUES
1.11	¥ Z	Catalrgs Previous sources Attend trade shows Visit manufacturing source Calculator Adding machine	Select correct source of merchandise

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	Rational numbers Use of numbers (without calculation)-counting, ordering, indexing Use of computing devices and mechanical aids-calculators (electric, mechanical), adding machine Fundamental Operations (calculation) Basic arithmetic skills and concepts-(See Appendix Basic measurement skills and concepts: (See Appendix B)	NS	CREFER TO COMMUNICATION CODE)  1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM 6. TCM
	to foster trust to foster confidentialty to foster cooperation to generate integrity to function efficiently when changing, multiple, personal fables f self-confidence, self-control, f-respect and adaptability regard for customer's unique needs in establishment	COMMUNICATIONS	1. Talking to suppliers 2. Reading product descriptions 3. Writing merchandise reports 4. Hear sales talks 5. See merchandise 6. Physically examine merchandise
SCIENCE	Professionalism  1. Maintain capacity to foster trust 2. Maintain capacity to foster confidentia 3. Maintain capacity to generate integrity 5. Maintain capacity to generate integrity 6. Maintain capacity to function efficient encountering fast changing, multiple, por situational variables 6. Exhibit qualties of self-confidence, seself-reliance, self-respect and adaptab  Supervision 1. Grant appropriate regard for customer's 2. Communicate pride in establishment		1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing 6. Touching
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e.	SAFETY – HAZARD		ERRORS  Purchase of inaccurate quantity of merchandise
DETERMINE QUANTITY OF MERCHANDISE	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Consider consumer demands Consider business capital available Determine physical space of business Determine potential sales Consider source quantity discounts Consider merchandise spoilage and obsolesence Consider possible business promotions	<u>CUES</u> Refer to above steps, think what is best for the business
(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE QUANTI	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Budget statement Promotions plan Inventory control report Calculator, adding machine	Establish quantity of merchandise to purchase

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	<ol> <li>Rational numbers</li> <li>Use of numbers (without calculations)—counting, indexing</li> <li>Fundermental operations (calculations)</li> <li>Basic arithmetic skills and concepts—ratio and proportion</li> <li>Use of computing devices and mechanical aids—adding machine, calculators (electric, mechanical)</li> <li>Basic measurement skills and concepts—6a,b,c,;7a,b,c,d,e,f,;8; 9 (See Appendix B)</li> <li>Establish quantity of merchandise</li> </ol>	
SCIENCE	Professionalism  1. Maintain capacity to foster trust 2. Maintain capacity to foster confidentialty 3. Maintain capacity to foster cooperation 4. Maintain capacity to generate integrity 5. Maintain capacity to generate integrity 6. Exhibit qualities of self-confidence, self-control, self-reliance, self-respect and adaptability  Supervision 1. Grant appropriate regard for customer's unique needs 2. Communicate pride in establishment	
		_17

SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM 6. TCM
EXAMPLES	1. Talking to suppliers 2. Reading product descriptions 3. Writing merchandise reports 4. Hear sales talks 5. See merchandise 6. Physically examine merchandise
PERFORMANCE MODES	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing 6. Touching

GIG, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,  LECTS ACTED UPON  To blanks  The blank		38 SAFETY – HAZARD		Inaccurate order
MENT)  Salations  DECISION		PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps:     Follow particular source order     procedure     Follow established business     ordering policies     Place order	CUES
ELIC Source Catal 10 BB	TASK STATEMENT)	TOGES, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Order blanks Purchase orders Catalogs Source price quotations Calculator Adding machine	DECISIONS

60	I	
by ERIC	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
	Professionalism  1. Maintain capacity to foster confidentialty 2. Maintain capacity to foster cooperation 3. Maintain capacity to cope with conflict behavior 4. Exhibit qualities of self-confidence, self-control, self-reliance, self-respect and adaptability 5. Maintain capacity to function efficiently when encountering fast changing, multiple, personal or situational variables	<ol> <li>Rational numbers</li> <li>Use of numbers (without calculation) -counting</li> <li>Fundamental Operations-calculation</li> <li>Basic Arithmetic Skills and Concepts</li> <li>Use of Computing Devices and Mechanical Aids-adding machine, calculators (electric, mechanical)</li> <li>Basic Measurement Skills and Concepts-1,4,6,7,8,9c,d,e,f (See Appendix B)</li> </ol>
19		
	COMMUNICATIONS	SATIONS

			Ç.
	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM 2. RCM		
	lse :ts	<b>v</b>	
	1. Oral ordering of merchandise 2. Reading of forms and reports		
i	H 70		
	PERFORMANCE MODES Speaking Reading		
	1.		

	2.0 SAFETY — HAZARD	•	ERRORS  Inaccurate purchase records
SUPERVISE RECORDING OF MERCHANDISE ORDERED	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: See that order is properly and accurately recorded	<u>CUES</u> Examine recording procedures
(TASK STATEMENT) SUPERVISE RECORDING	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Filing records of orders Calculator Adding machine	DECISIONS  Is merchandise being properly ordered
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ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

by ERIC	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
<u> </u>	Professionalism A,B,C,F,G (See Appendix A) SUPERVISION D,E,G,H,I (See Appendix A)	<ol> <li>Rational numbers</li> <li>Use of numbers (without calculations)-recording</li> <li>Fundmental operations (calculations)</li> <li>Use of computing devices and mechanical aids-adding</li> </ol>
	Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance	machine, calculators (electric, mechanical) 5. Basic measurement skills and concepts-measurement: non-geometric (time, money)
	Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation	
	Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance	
21		

1. Speaking 2. Reading
------------------------

# Duty B Managing Merchandise

Supervise receiving of merchandise shipment Supervise stocking or storage of merchandise See that inventory records are kept

Manage proper inventory control

**%** 

	SAFETY - HAZARD 2.3		ERRORS	Receiving of improper merchandise, amount or condition of merchandise Order improperly recorded
SUPERVISE RECEIVING OF MERCHANDISE SHIPMENT	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Verify accurate merchandise Verify accurate amount received Verify condition of merchandise See that receipt of order is properly recorded	CUES	Follow receiving procedure
TASK STATEMENT) SUPERVISE RECEIVING	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Receiving reports	DECISIONS	Is merchandise being properly received
Full Text Provided	d by ERIC	23		

SulpMENT
MFRCHANDISE
SUPER'ISE RECETVING OF MFRCHANDISE SU
SK STATEMENT)

	SCIENCE		MA	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	<del></del>
Professional	31 3 (See Appen <sup>4</sup> 1x A)		Rational numbers		-
Supervision D.E.", I (S	Supervision D.E.", I (See Appendix A)		Use of numbers (w	Use of numbers (without calculation)-counting, indexing, lassign numbers to shipments or individual merchandise	
ָ ייי יי	Conscious awareness of the seed for the balance between tension and relaxation	the balance between	measurement		
SSI	Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance	essi <b>on</b> s basic to	Fundamental Opera	Fundamental Operations (calculation) Addition	
nscious awar	Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance	ic to optimal mental	Subtraction Multiplication		
ito: Ippe	Inhibitors of efficient job performance- $A,B,$ (See Appendix $A$ )	mance-A,B,D,E			
ior mar sppe	Conditions for health and growth-directed tob performance-A, 3, F (See Appendix A)	irected tob			
1		COMMUNICATIONS	CATIONS		
8	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	PLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	_
1.Speaking 2.Reading 3.Vriting 4.Listening		1.Talk to handlers of merchandise 2.Verify orders 3.Record shipments 4.Hear reports on condition of	of merchandise	(REFLA TO COMMINICATIONS CODE) 1.SCM 2.RCM 3.WCM 4.LCM	

5.VCM 6.TCM

merchandise 5.View condition of merchandise 6.Test condition of merchandise

> 5.Viewing 6.Touching

IS METCHANDISE  1.5, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, ECTS ACTED UPON  Steps: Steps: Annexchandise is properly inventoried according to business policies  DECISIONS  Is merchandise properly stored inventory control  Therefore the properly stored inventory control		SAFETY - HAZARD		ERRORS	Improper stocking or storage of merchandise
SK STATEMENT) SUPERVISE STOCKING LS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, ECTS ACTED UPON  DECISIONS  Is merchandise properly stored	OR STORAGE OF MERCHANDISE	PERFURMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: See that merchandise is properly inventoried according to business policies	CUES	Follow business procedure for inventory control
ERIC Political Politics (1980)	ASK STATEMENT) SUPERVISE	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON		DECISIONS	Is merchandise properly stored

ē.

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	Basic measurement skills and concepts-measurement:  Reometric (area, volume)  Measurement: non-geometric-(temperature, weight and liquid)  The above is for determination of storage area	COMMUNICATIONS	SKILLS/CONCEPTS  (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)  1. SCH 2. LCM 3. VCM 3. VCM
SCIENCE	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)  Supervision D,E,H,I (See Appendix A)  Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation  Conscious awareness of physical expression basic to peak physical performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Inhibitors of efficient job performance-A,B,D,E (See Appendix A)  Conditions for health and growth-directed job performance-A,B,F (See Appendix A)	COMMUNI	1. Speaking 2. Listening 3. Viewing 3. Viewing 3. Viewing 3. Viewing 3. View stocking procedure

TASK STATEMENT) SEE THAT INVENTORY RECORDS  OOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, BLECTS ACTED UPON  Wentory records  Uculator  Iding machine  DECISIONS  Are records properly kept  Inventory RECORDS  Steps:   SAFETY - HAZARD 2:7	ERRORS  r keeping Inaccurate inventory records	
TASK STATEMENT, POOLS, EQUIPMENT, POBJECTS ACTED UPOR Wentory records  Ilculator Iding machine  Are records proper		CUES Follow procedures for keeping inventory records
ERIC 27	ATEMENT) DUIPMENT, R ACTED UPOR records	Are records properly kept

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	Rational numbers Use of numbers (without calculation) Fundamental operations (calculation) Addition, subtraction, division, multiplication Use of computing devices and mechanical aids-adding machine, calculators, (electric, mechanical) Basic measurement skills and concepts-measurement: non-geometric (time-money)		SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM 2. RCM 3. LCM	
<b>E</b>		COMMUNICATIONS	EXAMPLES	Talk to recorders Examine records Hear feedback from recorders	
	for a balance between expressions basic to basic to optimal formance-A,B,D,E h directed job	COM	<b>41</b>	). Talk to recorde 2. Examine records 3. Hear feedback f	
SCIENCE	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)  Supervision D,E,H,I (See Appendix A)  Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation  Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Inhibitors of efficient job performance-A,B,D,E (See Appendix A)  Conditions of healthy and growth directed job performance-A,B,F (See Appendix A)		PERFORMANCE MODES	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Listening	
	,	8			

	SAFETY - HAZARØ9		ERRORS Improper inventory control
NTORY CONTROL	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: See that inventory policies are followed	<u>CUES</u> Follow inventory policies
TASK STATEMENT) MANAGE PI.OPER INVENTORY CONTROL	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Inventory records Inventory reports Sales records	Are proper inventory controls being followed

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS				
SCIENCE	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A) Supervision D,E,H,I (See Appendix A)	Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation  Conscious awareness of physical expression basic to peak physical performance	Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance	Inhibitors of efficient job performance-A,B,D,E (See Appendix A) Conditions of healthy and growth directed job performance-A,B,F (See Appendix A)

### COMMUNICATIONS

1. Speaking 1. Talk to handlers of merchandise 2. Reading 2. Verify orders 3. Witting 4. Listening 4. Listening 5. Viewing 6. Touching 6. Touching 6. Touching 1. Talk to handlers of merchandise 6. TCM 2. Verify orders 3. NCM 4. LCM 4. LCM 4. LCM 6. Test condition of merchandise 6. TCM 6. TCM 6. TCM 6. TCM 7. Test condition of merchandise 6. TCM 6. TCM 7. Test condition of merchandise 6. TCM 7. TCM	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Reading Reading Reading Writing Writing Listening Listening Viewing Viewing Touching  1. Talk to handlers of merchandise 2. Verify orders 3. Record shipments 4. Hear reports on condition of merchandise 5. View condition of merchandise 6. Test condition of merchandise 6.			(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)
Reading Writing Writing Writing Writing  Writing  Writing  We condition of  erchandise  For Test condition of merchandise  We condition of merchandise	1. Speaking	1. Talk to handlers of merchand	<u></u>
Writing Writing Listening Listening Listening  Wiewing Viewing  Viewing  Touching  Touching  We condition of merchandise  6. Test condition of merchandise  6. Test condition of merchandise		2. Verify orders	
Listening 4. Hear reports on condition of  merchandise 5. View condition of merchandise 6. Test condition of merchandise 6.		3. Record shipments	
Viewing 5. View condition of merchandise 5.  Touching 6. Test condition of merchandise 6.		4. Hear reports on condition of	4.
Viewing 5. View condition of merchandise 5.  Touching 6. Test condition of merchandise 6.		merchandise	
Touching 6. Test condition of merchandise 6.		5. View condition of merchandis	
		6. Test condition of merchandis	· •
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Duty C Supervising Hiring of Personnel

1 Develop sources of applicants
2 Select employees
3 Place personnel

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DEVELOP SOURCES OF APPLICANTS

SAFETY - HAZARD PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, **OBJECTS ACTED UPON** 

Steps:

Newspaper and journals

Employment agency

Colleges

Schools

Determine sources of applicants, such as schools, colleges, newspapers, employment agencies, referrals, in house

Evaluate sources

Select those sources appropriate to business

Existing employee records

Implement best sources of
employees

DECISIONS

Realize type of employees gathered Determine sources of applicants

from various sources

CUES

Selection of inappropriate employee source

ERRORS

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MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
SCIENCE	

### Professionalism

- Maintain capacity to foster trust
- Maintain capacity to foster confidentiality
  - Maintain capacity to foster cooperation Maintain capacity to generate integrity
- Maintain capacity to function efficiently when encountering fast changing, multiple, personal or situational variables
- Exhibit qualities of self-confidence, self-control self-reliance, self-respect and adaptability

### Supervision

- Grant conscious attention to smoothly flowing team work
- Grant appropriate regard for customer's unique needs

33

Communicate pride in establishment

PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
1. Speaking	1. Talk to sources of applicants	1. SCM
2. Reading	2. Read source lists	2. RCM
3. Writing	3. Contact sources by letter	3. WCM
4. Listening	4. Feedback from sources	4. LCM
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TOOLS EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,  Application forms Steps:  Application forms Steps:  Balance procedures for inting Interview records Interview	Full Text Provided by ERIC	(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT EMPLOYEES	70	
Application forms  Steps:  Interview records  Select procedures for action  Select procedures for action  Select procedures for action  Select procedures for action  Selection of employees  Keep in mind appropriate procedure  for selection of employees	_	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	ふる SAFETY — HAZARD
Keep in mind appropriate procedure for selection of employees	34.		Steps: Select procedures for hiring Evaluate procedures for action Implement proper procedures for selection Select potential employees Judge effectiveness of selection procedure	
		<u>DECISIONS</u> Selection of employees		Improper selection of employees

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### SCIENCE

# MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

### Hiring

- 1. Exhibit capacity to ascertain personal qualities (skills, knowledge, character, flexibility and learning capacity)
  - Exhibit capacity to foster truth
- 3. Exhibit capacity to accurately reflect plant environent and job expectations

  Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G, (See Appendix A) Supervision A,D,E,F,G,I (See Appendix A)

Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance

Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance

35

	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	
	1. Speaking	1. Talking to sources of applicants	REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM	
2.	2. Reading	2. Read source lists	2. RCM	
e,	Writing	3. Contact sources by letter	3. WCM	
4.	4. Listening	4. Feedback from sources	4. LCM	
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	SAFETY - HAZARDG		ERRORS Selection of inadequate employee for particular position
	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Determine strengths and weaknesses of personnel Review job requirements Place appropriate personnel for each position	Pay particular attention to employee abilities and position requirements
TASK STATEMENT) PLACE PERSONNEL	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	L f. H. A	Which employee would be best for each position
Full Text Provided by ERIC		36	



- Duty D Managing Operating Procedures
- Determine business operating procedures Implement proper business operating procedures Review operating procedures

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	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, ORIECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
39		Analyze business operations Consider all operating procedures Evaluate those procedures Modify procedures to meet business needs Choose procedures appropriate to business operation	
	Selection of proper operating procedures	Pay attention to needs of business	ERRORS Improper choice of operating procedure

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

### COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPIS
		(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)
1. Speaking	1. Talk to assistants	1. SCM
2. Reading	2. Read business references	2. RCM
3. Writing	3. Record procedures	3. WCM
4. Listening	4. Feedback from assistants	4. LCM
5. Viewing	5. Viewing	5. VCM
		40

Full Text Provided by ERIC	(TASK STATEMENT) IMPLEMENT PROPER BUSINESS	USINESS OPERATING PROCEDURES	
	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD 41
	Manual of business pro ures	Steps: Instruct employees in operating procedures	
	Audio-visual aids	Supervise employee applications of procedures	
	Operating forms		
	Instructional institutions		
	Seminars		
41		•	•
	DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS
	Decide on proper implementation procedures	Keep in mind operating procedures wilch are necessary	Improper use of operating procedures
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MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G

(See Appendix A)

Supervision D, E, F, H, I (See Appendix A)

### COMMUNICATIONS

# 1. Talk to assistants

EXAMPLES

PERFORMANCE MODES

Speaking

Reading

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Writing

- 2. Read business references
- 3. Record procedures
- 4. Feedback for assistants

Listening

4.

5. Viewing

5. View business operations

## SKILLS/CONCEPTS

(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)

- 1. SCM
- RCM
- WCM
- Ę
- VCM 'n.

<b>( * )</b>	SAFETY - HAZARD		ERRORS	Inefficient business operation
; Procedures	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Periodic observation of procedures Re-instruction of operating procedures when necessary Evaluation of operating procedures	CUES	Keep in mind the established operating procedures
(TASK STATEMENT) REVIEW OPERATING PROCEDURES	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Evaluation forms  Manual on operating procedures  Audio-visual aids	DECISIONS	Are operating procedures effective

	MATH — NUMBER SYSTEMS	CATIONS  SKILL.3/CONCEPTS  (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)  stants 1. SCM 1. SCM 1. SCM 3. WCM Massistants 4. LCM 5. VCM 5. VCM
TASK STATEMENT) REVIEW OPERATING PROCEDURES	SCIENCE	A.B.C.D.F.G (See Appendix A)  Supervision  Supervision  Supervision  Supervision  Supervision  Supervision  Supervision  Conscious avareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation  Conscious avareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance  Conscious avareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Inhibitors of efficient job performance-A,B,D,E  (See Appendix A)  Conditions for health and growth-directed job performance-A,B,F (See Appendix A)  PERFORMANCE MODES  Read:ng  Read:ng  Read:ng  Read:ng  Writing
ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC		44

Check condition of equipment Determine needed equipment repairs Decide repair or replacement - a m

45

97	SAFETY – HAZARD	Use machine properly-possible employee body harm	ERRORS Faulty operation of equipment
; EQUIPMENT	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Make periodic observations of equipment  Establish system of employee referral on conditon of equipment  Maintain service record of equipment	CUES Proper function of equipment
TASK STATEMENT) CHECK CONDITION OF	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Operating manuals  Equipment check sheets  Referral forms  Maintenance	DECISIONS  Is equipment repair needed

# TASK STATEMENT)

### SCIENCE

# MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

- Supervision

  1. Grant conscious attention to smoothly flowing team work
- Maintain regard for differing views on maximum efficiency of the operations

### COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
i -	l. Speaking	1. Talk to employees about condition of equipment	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM
.:	Reading	2. Read service records	2. RCM
	Writing	3. Record condition	3. WCM
4	Listening	4. Feedback from employees	4. LCM
5.	Viewing	5. View condition of equipment	5. VCM
			77

Full Text Provided by ERIC	TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE NEEDED EQUIPMENT REPAIRS	QUIPMENT REPAIRS	4R
	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY – HAZARD
48	Referral forms Service manuals Maintenance records Operating manuals	Make visual or mechanical observation of machines Check employee maintenance referral forms Check maintenance records Check operation manuals Obtain professional assistance	Proper use of equipment-employee harm
	What repairs are needed for equipment	CUES Know proper maintenance of equipment	ERRORS Improper maintenance of equipment

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### SCIENCE

MATH - NUMB. 9 SYSTEMS

Professionalism
A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)

Supervision D, E, F, H, I (See Appendix A)

Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation

Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance

### COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
<u> </u>	1. Reading	1. Read service records	1. RCM
2.	2. Speaking	2. Talk to employees about condition of equipment	2. SCM
e.	3. Writing	3. Record condition	3. WCM
.4	Listening	4. Feedback from employees	4. LCM
ν,	5. Viewing	5. View condition of equipment	5. VCM
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Full Text Provided by ERIC

(TASK STATEMENT)

DECIDE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT

Improper life expectancy of SAFETY - HAZARD ERRORS equipment Obtain professional assistance Consider obsolesence of equipmaintenance and efficiency of Check maintenance records Overall knowledge of proper PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE Consider cost factors CUES equipment ment Steps: Should equipment be repaired or replaced TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON Service and operating manuals **DECISIONS** Catalogs (equipment) Maintenance records 50

II. 9/21 W 1977, MARIAN TO THE SECOND	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	Fundamental Operations (calculation) Asic Arithmetic Skills and Concepts-Property of comparison (equality/equivalence; inequality/greater than/less than) Pasic Measurement Skills and Concepts-Measurement: UGR-geometric (time and money)		SKILLS/CONCEPTS  (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)  1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM
CERTAIN THE PROPERTY OF THE PR		3. 2.1.	COMMUNICATIONS	EXAMPLES  Talk to employees about condittion of equipment Read service records Record condition Feedback from employees View condition of equipment
AMENIA OF THE WALL AND THE COMMENT AND		for a balance between basic to optimal menta	COM	EXAN  1. Talk to emploon of equipmone service 3. Read service 3. Record condition of Feedback from the service on the service of the service
	SCIENCE	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A) Supervision D,E,F,H, I (See Appendix A) Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance		PERFORMANCE MODES  1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing
ed by E	ERIC	51	<del>-</del>	

### Supervising Personnel Duty F

Plan working schedule Schedule employees Evaluate employee preformance Provide for employee needs

<b>5</b> 3.	SAFETY - HAZARD		ERRORS Inefficient use of employees and improper business operations
VLE	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Determine needed jobs Determine workers needed for each job Checrmine number of hours for each job Check previous schedules Prepare working plan to fit budget	Keep in mind necessary job and employee capabilities
TASK STATEMENT) PLAN WORKING SCHEDULE	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Frevious working schedules Employee records Budget Calculator	Determine most effective work schedule

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PLAN WORKING SCHEDULE

<del>- ,</del>		A(1)
SAFETY — HAZARD		ERRORS Improper use of employees
PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Determine employee capabilities Consult previous work schedules Consider employee sentcrity Consider unions Regulations: federal and state Consider employee vacations and Leave of absence. Consider employee behavorial habits	Consider employee needs
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Personal records Previous work schedules Seniority lists Union contracts Regulations: federal and state	Determine proper scheduling of employees
	55	

### SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Professionalism (See Appendix A)

Supervision
A,D,E,F,G,H,I (See Appendix A)

Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation

Conscious awareness of  $ph_{\text{tot}}$ cal expressions basic to peak physical performance

Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance

## COMMUNICATIONS

b

PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening	<ol> <li>Talk to supervisors</li> <li>Read business records</li> <li>Write schedule</li> <li>Feedback from supervisors</li> </ol>	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE 1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM

TAS: STATEMENT) EVALUATE EMPLOYEE PREFORMANCE

T001			
OBJE	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Per son Evalua	Personal records Evaluation forms	Steps: Establish criteria for accept- able employee performance	
Job criteria	iteria	Observe employee performance and compare with criteria Determine if employee performance is acceptable	
		Commend or criticize employee performance	
		Consult past employee performance records	
57		•	
	DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS
AE	Are employee performances adequate	Keep in mind employee performance required	Inefficient employee performance

	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
	Professionalism	
	Inhibitors of efficient job performance-A, B, C, D, E	
_	Supervision A,D,E,F,H,I (See Appendix A)	
	Conditions of healthy and growth directed job performance (See Appendix A)	
58		

### COMMUNICATIONS

DEPENDING MODES	EVAMBLES	STGEONOC/ST 11/3
TENTONIANOE MOCKES	EVAINTLES	SAILES/CONCETIS
		(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)
	1. Talk to supervisors	1. SCM
	2. Read performance records	2. RCM
3. Uriting	3. Record evaluations	
•	4. Observe employee performance	
5. Listening		5. LCM
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CLASK STATEMENT)

Needs of employees not satisfied SAFETY - HAZARD ERRORS Set up plan that will provide for needs PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE Keep in mind feasability of Determine what needs are practical to satisfy Determine needs CUES Implement plan needs What needs should be provided TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON Professional advice and services DECISIONS for employee **Questionnaires** Suggestion box Calculator

SCIENCE Science  Science Science Science See Appendix A) Ficient job performance (A,B,C,D,E)  althy and growth directed job see Appendix A)  I Talk to employe 2. Read suggestion 3; Write proposed 4. Feedback from ee 4.		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	Rational numbers Use of numbers (without calculation) -counting, coordinate system Fundamental Operations (calculation) Addition, subtraction, division, multiplication Basic arithmetic skills and concepts-4,5,6,7, (See Appendix B) Use of computing devices and mechanical aids-calculator (electric and mechanical) Basic arithmetic skills and concepts-read and interpret tables, charts, and graphs (number line/coordinate graph; 2-dimensional and 3-dimensional), representational graphs The above is for questionnaires		SKILLS/CONCEPTS (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM	93
SCIENCE SCIENCE (See Appendix A) fficient job performance ealthy and growth direct See Appendix A) ANCE MODES			(A,B,C,D,E) job	COMMUNICATIONS	İ	
Professionalism A,B,C,D,E,F,G Inhibitors of e Supervision A,D,E,F,II,I (S Conditions of he performance () performance () 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening	TASK STATEMENT) PROVIDE FOR INPLOYED	SCIENCE			Speaking Reading Writing Listening	



# Duty G Managing Merchandise Promotions

- Determine merchandise promotions Select promotional program Implement method of promotion Evaluate promotional program

PROMOTIONS
MERCHANDISE
DETERMINE
MENT)

TOOLS FOLIPMENT MATERIALS	tse promotions	63
OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Professional assistance Past promotion records Consumer surveys Reference materials Calculator	Consider needed promotions Consider practicality of promotion Consult professional assistance Consider consumer behavior Observe competitors Consider past promotions	
<u>DECISIONS</u> Determine necessary promotions	Promotional needs of business	Wrong choice of promotions

SKILLS/CONCEPTS (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)	1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM
EXAMPLES	<ol> <li>Talking to assistants</li> <li>Read business records</li> <li>Record merchandise</li> <li>Feedback from assistants</li> <li>Visual analysis of promotions</li> </ol>
PERFORMANCE MODES	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing

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	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY – HAZARD
ŧΨ	Reference materials Promotional records Professional assistance Consumer surveys Calculator	Steps: Review promotional budget Analyze consumer behavior Consult professional assistance Observe competition onsider tailor promotions Consider type of business Consider type of business Consider practicality of promotion Select most appropriate promotional program	
	Decide upon promotional program for business	Keep in mind what is best for business	ERRORS Inappropriate promotional program

ERIC	SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A) Supervision C,F,G,I (See Appendix A)	1. Rational nu 2. Use of numb coordinate 3. Fundamental 4. Basic Arith of a number changing fractions; to whole nu 5. Use of Comp calculator 6. Basic Measu Appendix B) 7. Read and in number line 3-dimension	Rational numbers Use of numbers (without calculation)-counting, coordinate system Fundamental Operations (calculation) Basic Arithmetic Skills and Concepts-finding a percent of a number and what percent one number is of another; changing fractions to decimal and decimals to fractions; ratio and proportion; rounding off decimals to whole numbers Use of Computing Devices and Mechanical Aids- calculator (electric, mechanical) Basic Measurement Skills and Concepts-4,5,6,7 (See Appendix B) Read and interpret tables, charts and graphs-maps, number line/coordinate graph (2-dimensional and 3-dimensional), representational graphs
55		COMMUNICATIONS	
	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing	1. Talking to assistants 2. Read business records 3. Record merchandise promotions 4. Feedback from assistants 5. Visual analysis of promotions	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)  1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5 4. VCM

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Improper implementation of promotion SAFETY - HAZARD ERRORS Communicate promotional program Activate promotional program Consult professional advice PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE Consider possible ways of Consult past experience implementing methods CUES Steps: TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, CBJECTS ACTED UPON Professional assistance **DECISIONS** Promotional records Reference materials TASK STATEMENT) 66

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	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS					SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM		
OF PROMOTION		-			COMMUNICATIONS	EXAMPLES	1. Talking to assistants 2. Read business records 3. Record merchandise promotions 4. Feedback from assistants 5. Visual analysis of promotions		
ASK STATEMENT) IMPLEMENT METHOD OF PROMOTION	SCIENCE	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)	Supervision A,C,E,F,G,H,I (See Appendix)			PERFORMANCE MODES	<ol> <li>Speaking</li> <li>Reading</li> <li>Writing</li> <li>Listening</li> <li>Viewing</li> </ol>		
EK Full Text Provided	al by ERIC	<u> </u>		<del> </del>	 67	1			

TASK STATEMENT) EVALUATE PROMOTIONAL PROCRAM

GE SAFETY - HAZARD	ogram	Incorrect evaluation of promotional program
PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Set criteria for evaluation Evaluate promotional program Record evaluation	CUES  Keep in mind criteria for evaluation
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,	Evaluation forms Professional assistance Evaluation criteria manual Reference materials	Is promotional program effective

Appendix A)  Appendix A)  Appendix A)  COMMUNICATIONS  MODES  EXAMPLES  1. Talking to assistants 2. Read evaluation criteria 3. Record evaluations 4. Feedback from assistants 5. Visual evaluation 5. Visual evaluation	8	2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM	豆	SKILLS/CONCEPTS					MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
SCIENCE Appendix A) Appendix A) MODES				EXAMPLES	COMMUNICATIONS	-			
Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G, (See A Supervision C,D,E,F,G,I (See A C,D,E,F,G,I (See A T,Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing				PERFORMANCE MODES			Supervision C,D,E,F,G,I (See Appendix A)	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G, (See Appendix A)	SCIENCE

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Determine business operating policies Communicate business operating polices Implement policies

Evaluate established policies

	SAFETY - HAZARD		ERRORS Improper choice of business operating policies
OPERATING POLICIES	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Analyze needed policies Consider all operations Consider past policies Consult professional assistance Consider competitors Evaluate policies Modify policies	CUES  Keep policies in tune with operating procedures
TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE BUSINESS	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Business reference Professional assistance	DECISIONS  Decide on what operating policies are needed for business
Full Text Provided by ERIC	· · · · · ·	71	

MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS								SKILLS/CONCEPTS (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)	1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM		
			a balance between	ressions basic to	isic to optimal		COMMUNICATIONS	EXAMPLES	<ol> <li>Talk to assistants</li> <li>Read business references</li> <li>Record procedures</li> <li>Feedback from assistants</li> <li>View business operations</li> </ol>		
SCIENCE	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)	Supervision C,D,E,F,G,H,I (See Appendix A)	Conscious awareness of the need for tension and relaxation	Conscious awareness of physical exp	Conscious awareness of qualities ba	72		PERFORMANCE MODES	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing		
			See Appendix A) (See Appendix A)	d for a balance between	d for a balance between	d for a balance between    contact   d for a balance between    continuation   continuat	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G Supervision C,D,E,F,G,H,I See Appendix A)  Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation Conscious awareness of physical expressiors basic to peak physical performance Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G Gee Appendix A) Supervision C,D,E,F,G,H,I (See Appendix A) Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation Conscious awareness of physical expressiors basic to peak physical performance Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious MODES  COMMUNICATIONS  EXAMPLES	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G See Appendix A)  Supervision C,D,E,F,G,H,I See Appendix A)  Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Tomerous awareness of qualities basic to optimal  REMAMPLES  PERFORMANCE MODES  EXAMPLES  1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Itstening 4. Teedinesk from assistants 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 6. Appendix A)  Supervision  Supervis	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)  Supervision Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation Conscious awareness of physical expressiors basic to peak physical performance Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  COMMUNICATIONS  PERFORMANCE MODES  2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Receiblack from assistants 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 6. Viewing 6. Viewing 7. Reading 6. Viewing 7. Reading 7. View business operations 7. Viewing 7. Viewing 8. V	

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,  Manuals  Manuals  Manuals  Manuals  Manuals  Manuals  Choose policies that are most effective for business operations  Communicate policies  Inform all persons who will be effected by policies  Business reference  Business reference  DECISIONS  DECISIONS  COMMUNICATE DUSTINES  Communicate policies  Inform all persons who will be effected by policies  Evaluate choice of communication media  COMPANIENT OF THE MANUAL OF	-	SAFETY — HAZARD		ERRORS	Ineffective communication of policies		
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MAOBLECTS ACTED UPON Manuals Audio-visual aids Forms Professior assistanc Business reference  Business reference  How best to commun operation policies		PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Choose policies that are most effective for business operations Analyze best mode or modes to communicate policies Inform all persons who will be effected by policies Evaluate choice of communication media	CUES	Consider the structure of the business and what has worked in past	Keep in mind appropriate communication technique	
ERIC 73.		TOOLS, OBJECTS	Manuals Audio-visual Forms Professior Business refe	DECISIONS	How best to communicate business operation policies		

i	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)	
	Supervision C,D,E,F,G,H,I (See Appendix A)	
	Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation	
	Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance	*
	Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance	
74		
,	COMMUNICATIONS	SATIONS
_		

PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
		(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)
<ol> <li>Speaking</li> <li>Reading</li> <li>Writing</li> <li>Listening</li> <li>Viewing</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Talk to assistants</li> <li>Read business reference</li> <li>Record procedures</li> <li>Feedback from assistants</li> <li>View business operations</li> </ol>	1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM
		2/4

IMPLEMENT POLICIES	
TASK STATEMENT)	

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Manuals Professional assistance	Consider possible ways of implementing policies Consult professional assistance Review past policies Activate policies	
DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS Policies not implement properly

POLICIES	
IMPLEMENT	
TATEMENT)	
TASK S	

	SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
76	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)  Supervision C,D,E,G,H,I (See Appendix A)  Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance	balance between ssions basic to to optimal mental	
		COMMUNICATIONS	
	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing	1. Talk to assistants 2. Read business reference 3. Record procedures 4. Feedback from assistants 5. View business operations	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)  1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM

IALS, PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE SAFETY - HAZARD プラ	Steps: Select criteria for evaluation Evaluate policies according to criteria Record evaluation	CUES	Keep in mind criteria for Incorrect evaluation of policies
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Evaluation forms Professional assistance Evaluation criteria manual Reference materials	DECISIONS	Are policies effective

### SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)
Supervision
C,D,E,F,G,H,I (See Appendix A)

Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation

Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance

Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance

78

## COMMUNICATIONS

SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM	78
EXAMPLES	1. Talking to assistants 2. Read evaluation criteria 3. Record evaluations 4. Feedback from assistants 5. Visual evaluation	
PERFORMANCE MODES	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing	



# Duty I Managing Physical Facilities of Business

Analyze business physical facilities

Decide on most effective physical facilities Arrange physical facilities to implement business Evaluate physical facilities

77

## ANALYZE BUSINESS PHYSICAL FACILITIES

Inappropriate use of physical facilities SAFETY - HAZARD CZ. ERRORS in relation to business operations Review past records of physical Analyze competitor's facilities Consult professional assistance Keep in mind physical facilities PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE Review present facilities CUES facilities Steps: business physical facilities Determine appropriateness of TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, Federal and state regulations Professional assistance Competitor's facilities **DECISIONS** Measuring instruments **OBJECTS ACTED UPON** Blueprints, Calculator

rovide					Г
I by ERIC	SCIENCE		M	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	-1
	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)		<ol> <li>Rational numbers</li> <li>Fundamental Oper</li> <li>Basic Arithmetic</li> </ol>	Rational numbers Fundamental Operations (calculation) Basic Arithmetic Skills and Concepts-4,5,6,7	
	Supervision B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I (See Appendix A)		(See Appendix B	(See Appendix B) Use of Computing Devices and Mechanical Aids-calculators	••
	Conscious awareness of the need for a balance tension and relaxation	balance between	(electric, mechanical) 5. Basic Measurement Skills ruler and tape; 9c,d,e,f	<pre>(electric, mechanical) Basic Measurement Skills and Concepts-Instruments: ruler and tape; 9c,d,e,f (\$se Appendix B)</pre>	
	Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance	ssions basic to			
	Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance	to optimal mental			
81					<del></del>
		COMMUNICATIONS	ATIONS		
	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	<u>LES</u>	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	
	1. Speaking	1. Talk to assistants	<b>ω</b>	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)	

SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM	
EXAMPLES	<ol> <li>Talk to assistants</li> <li>Read business references</li> <li>Record analysis</li> <li>Feedback from assistants</li> <li>Visual analysis</li> </ol>	
PERFORMANCE MODES	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing	

SAFETY – HAZARD		ERRORS	Inappropriate use of physical facilities
PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Determine needs of business Establish standards according to business needs Consult professional assistance Use standards to decide on business facilities Decide on facilities	CUES	Keep in mind needs of business
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Federal and state regulations Business records Professional assistance Business references	DECISIONS	What facilities are best for the business
0	82		

#### SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

## Professionalism A, E, C, D, F, G (See Appendix A)

Supervision B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I (See Appendix A)

Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation

Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance

Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental periormance

33

## COMMUNICATIONS

EXAMPLES	L. Talk to assistants 2. Read business references 3. Record analysis 4. Feedback from assistants 5. Visual analysis
PERFORMANCE MODES	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing

## SKILLS/CONCEPTS

(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)

SCM RCM WCM LCM VCM

<del>चे</del>	SAFETY – HAZARD		ERRORS	Improper arrangement of facilities
ARRANGE PHYSICAL FACILITES TO IMPLEMENT BUSINESS	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Consider possible ways of arranging facilities Consult professional assistance Consider past experience Arrange physical facilities to best carry out business operations	CUES	Keep implementation of business in mind
TASK STATEMENT) ARRANGE PHYSICAL FAC	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Reference materials Professional assistance Business records	DECISIONS	What is the most efficient method to arrange facilities
Full Text Provided by ERIC		84	- <u> </u>	

Professionalism A.B.C.D.F.F.C., (See Appendix A) B.C.D.F.F.C.D.F.C., (See Appendix A) Conscious avarenses of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation Conscious avarenses of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance Conscious avarenses of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious avarenses of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  COMMUNICATIONS  COMMUNICATIONS  PERFORMANCE MODES  Reading  Record analysis		SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Supervision  B.C.D.E.P.C.B.  Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between  Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental perfo	·	ism		
Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and reluxation  Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to optimal mental performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  COMMUNICATIONS  COMMUNICATIONS  I. Speaking  I. Talk to assistants  SKILLS/CONCEPTS  (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS ODE)  1. Speaking  2. Reading  3. Work  4. Listening  4. Listening  5. Viewing  5. Viewing  5. Viewing  5. Viewing  COMMUNICATIONS  SKILLS/CONCEPTS  1. SCM  4. Listening  5. Viewing  6. SKILLS/CONCEPTS  SKILL	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	
Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance  Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  COMMUNICATIONS  COMMUNICATIONS  EXAMPLES  (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS ODE)  1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Withing 4. Listening 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 5. Viewing 6. Viewing 7. Peek basic to optimal Speaking 7. Record analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis 7. Viewal analysis		Conscious awareness of the need for a b tension and relaxation	alance between	
Conscious avareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance  COMMUNICATIONS  EXAMPLES  (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)  1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 4. Listening 5. Viewing 5. Viewal analysis 5. Voc		Conscious awareness of physical express peak physical performance		
COMMUNICATIONS   EXAMPLES   SKILLS/CONCEPTS		s of	to optimal	
COMMUNICATIONS   EXAMPLES   SKILLS/CONCEPTS	8			
Speaking       1. Talk to assistants       2. Read business references       1. SCM         Writing       4. Feedback from assistants       3. WCM         Viewing       5. Visual analysis       5. VCM    SKILLS/CONCEPTS (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 2. RCM 3. Record analysis 4. Feedback from assistants 5. VCM	5		COMMUNICATIONS	
Speaking Reading Writing Listening Viewing  Speaking  1. Talk to assistants 2. Read business references 3. Record analysis 4. Feedback from assistants 5. Visual analysis  REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)  2. Read business references 3. Record analysis 5. Visual analysis		PERFORMANCE MODES	. EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Speaking Reading Reading 2. Read business references 3. RCM 3. Record analysis Listening 4. Feedback from assistants Viewing 5. Visual analysis 5. VCM				(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)
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<b>C</b> C	SAFETY — HAZARD		ERRORS Improper evaluation of facilities
, FACILITIES	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Set criteria for evaluation Evaluate physical facilities on criteria Consult professional assistance Record evaluation	CUES  Keep in mind criteria for evaluation
TASK STATEMENT) EVALUATE PHYSICAL FACILITIES	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Set criteria manual Reference materials Professional assistance Business records	Are physical facilities appropriate for effective business operations

EVALUATE PHYSICAL FACILITIES

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Duty J Managing Business Finance

1 Establish operating budget
2 Allocate business expenditures to business areas
3 Evaluate operating budget

SAFETY — HAZARD		ERRORS Misappropriation of funds
PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps:  Determine needs of business Determine costs of these needs Review previous budgets Consult professional assistance Determine projected capital available Decide on priority of expense Formulate budget in written form	CUES  Keep in mind the amount and availability of capital
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Professional assistance  Nusiness records  Reference materials  Calculation	Is budget in line with needs of business

BUDGET	
OPERATING	
ESTABLISH	
EMENT)	

	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	Rational numbers Use of numbers (without calculation)-recording Basic Arithmetic Skills and Concepts-3,4,5,6,7 (See Appendix B) Fundamental Operations (calculation) Use of Computing Devices and Mechanical Aids-calculators (electric and Mechanical) Basic Measurement Skills and Concepts-Measurement: non-geometric (time and money); read and interpret tables, charts and graphs, representational graphs		SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER 10 COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM
CASK STATEMENT) ESTABLISH OPERATING BUDGET		1. 2. 3. 4. to 6.	COMMUNICATIONS	EXAMPLES	<ol> <li>Talk to assistants</li> <li>Read business records</li> <li>Record budget analysis</li> <li>Feedback from assistants</li> </ol>
	SCIENCE	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A) Supervision E,F,I (See Appendix A) Conscious awareness of the need for a balance bety tension and relaxation Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic peak physical performance Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance		PERFORMANCE MODES	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening

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<b>5</b> 0.	SAFETY - HAZARD		Improper allocation of planned hudget
ALLOCATE BUSINESS EXPENDITURES TO BUSINESS AREAS	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Refer to established budget Set criteria for budget alloc- ations Notify areas of their planned budget Communicate budget procedures	Keep in mind planned budget
(TASK STATEMENT) ALLOCATE BUSINESS H	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Business records (budget)	Are funds properly allocated

BUDGET
OPERATING
EVALUATE
STATEMENT)

	SAFETY – HAZARD		Inefficient budgeting of money
; budget	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Review budget Review expenditures being made Consider possible alterations in budget Make changes where needed	Consider changing economics trends and needs of business
TASK STATEMENT) EVALUATE OPERATING BUDGET	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Business records Calculator Reference materials	Are finances properly budgeted

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	1. Rational numbers 2. Use of numbers (without calculation)-recording 3. Fundemental Operations (calculation)	4. Basi: Arithmetic Skills and Concepts-3,4,5,6,7 (See Appendix B)  1. Ites of Computing Devices and Mechanical Aids-	calculator (electric, mechanical)  6. Basic Measurement Skills and Concepts-non-geometric (time and monev): read and interpret tables, charts	and graphs (representational graphs)		
SCIENCE	Professionalism A, B, C, D, F, G (See Appendix A)	Supervision E,F,I (See Appendix A)	Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation	Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance	Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance	

T			<b>7</b> 0.
	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM	
	EXAMPLES	1. Talking to assistants 2. Read evaluat 3. Record evaluations 4. Feedback from assistants 5. Visual evaluation	
	PERFORMANCE MODES	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing	

Decide insurance needs of business Select bysiness coverage Purchase business coverage Revise and update business coverage

L.

	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY – HAZARD	
96	Professional assistatce Business records Business references Calculator	Assess insurance needs Consult professional assistance Review past experience Determine priority of insurance needs		
	DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS	
	What insurance coverage is necessary for business	Keep in mind needed coverage for losses of business	Improper coverage of business losses	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE) 1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM	·
EXAMPLES	1. Talk to assistants 2. Read business references 3. Record procedures 4. Feedback from assistants 5. View business operations	
PERFORMANCE MODES	1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing	

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	SAFETY — HAZARD		Wrong choice of insurance source
ERAGE	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Determine available source of insurance Consider past experience with source Consider reputation of source Consider cost of insurance with source Consider coverage available	Keep in mind above steps
TASK STATEMENT) SELECT BUSINESS COVERAGE	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Reference materials Professional assistance Business records Calculator	What is best source to meet insurance needs

ŅАТН — NUMBER SYSTEMS	1. Rational numbers 2. Use of numbers (without calculation)-counting, ordering indexing 3. Use of Computing Devices and Mechanical Aids-adding machines, calculators (electric and mechanical) 4. Fundamental Operations (Calculation) 5. Basic Arithmetic Skills and Concepts 6. Basic Measurement Skills and Concepts (See Appendix B)		
SCIENCE	Professionalism 1. Maintain capacity to foster trust 2. Maintain capacity to foster confidentiality 3. Maintain capacity to foster cooperation 4. Maintain capacity to generate integrity 5. Maintain capacity to function efficiently when encountering fast changing, multiple, personal or situational variables 6. Exhibit qualities of self-confidence, self-control, self-reliance, self-respect and adaptability	Supervision 1. Grant appropriate regard for customer's unique needs 2. Communicate pride in establishment	66 COMMUNICATIONS

SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)  1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM	
EXAMPLES	. Talking to assistants . Read business references . Record procedures . Feedback from assistants . View business operations	
$\vdash$	<u> </u>	·
PERFORMANCE MODES	Speaking Reading Writing Listening Viewing	
	H 4 W 4 W	

SAFETY - HAZARD		ERRORS Inaccurate order
PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps:     Follow particular source order procedure     Follow established business ordering policies     Place order	CUES.
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Policy applications  Purchase orders  Source of price quotations	DECISIONS

	SAFETY - HAZARD			Business insurance inappropriate
REVISE AND UPDATE BUSINESS COVERAGE	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Review coverage Consider additional needs Alter coverage as needed		CUES
TASK STATEMENT) REVISE AND UPDA	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Reference materials Professional assistance Business records Calculator		DECISIONS  Is the insurance on the business appropriate
	· '_= = =		102	

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SCIENCE

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## MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

### Professionalism

encountering fast changing, multiple, personal needs Maintain capacity to function efficiently when Maintain capacity to foster confidentiality Maintain capacity to foster cooperation Maintain capacity to generate integrity Maintain capacity to foster trust situational variables

Exhibit qualities of self-confidence, self-control, self-reliance, self-respect and adaptability

### Supervision

103

Grant appropriate regard for customer's unique needs Communicate pride in establishment

Use of numbers (without calculation)-counting, ordering, Use of computing devices and mechanical aids-adding Rational numbers indexing

Addition, subtraction, division, multiplication machines, calculators (electric and mechanical) Fundamental operations (calculations)

Basic measurement skills and concepts Basic arithmetic skills and concepts (See Appendix B)

## COMMUNICATIONS

**EXAMPLES** 

#### Feedback from assistants Talking to assistants Review policies Record analyses PERFORMANCE MODES Listening Speaking Writing Reading

## (REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

- SCH KCH LCH



Duty L Supervising Maintenance of Business Building

Evaluate condition of building
Determine and decide business maintenance
Implement building maintenance

SAFETY	ance	lding
N OF BUILDING PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Make periodic observation of building Consult maintenance records Consult professional assistance	Know proper condition of building
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,  PERFO	Professional assistance Business records	Does building need repair

(TASK STATEMENT)

#### SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

**Professionalism** A,B,C,D,F,G

(See Appendix A)

Supervision B, C, E, F, I

(See Appendix A)

Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation

Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance

Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance

Rational numbers .. ...

Fundamental Operations (Calculation)

Use of Computing Devices and Mechanical Aids-Calculators (electric and mechanical)

ruler, compass, tape-Measurement: non-geometric-time and money; Read and interpret tables, charts and Basic Measurement Skills and Concepts-Instruments: graphs-scales drawingsfloor plans/blueprints

### COMMUNICATIONS

90

ATIONS CODE)

	DETERMINE AND DECIDE BUSINESS MAINTENANCE
	BUSINESS
	DECIDE
	AND
	(TASK STATEMENT)
ERU Full Text Provide	TASK
-	-

ACTED UPON  records  Steps: Determine needed maintenance of building Consult budget allocations Estimate cost of maintenance Consult business assistance Consult business assistance Consult business assistance Check maintenance records Determine maintenance priorities  CUES  Extensions  Extensions  CUES  Extensions  Extensions  CUES  Extensions  CUES  Extensions  Extensions  CUES  Extensions  Extensions  CUES  Extensions  Extensions  CUES  Extensions  Extensi	SAFETY - HAZARD		Improper maintenance of building
FOUIPMENT, MATERIALS. ACTED UPON records onal assistance business maintenance should erformed	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Steps: Determine needed maintenance of building Consult budget allocations Estimate cost of maintenance Consult business assistance Check maintenance records Determine maintenance priorities	Keep in mind proper maintenance of building
Business Professi	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS. OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Business records  Professional assistance	What business maintenance should be performed

vided by ERIC	SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
	Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)	1.2.	Fundamental Operations (Calculation) Basic Arithmetic Skills and Concepts-Property of
-	Supervision B,C,E,F,I (See Appendix A)		greater than/less than Basic Measurement Skills and Concepts-Measurement
	Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation		non-geometric (time and money)
	Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance		•
	Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance		
(0)			

SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)	1. SCM 2. RCM 3. WCM 4. LCM 5. VCM	<b>80%</b>
EXAMPLES		1. Talk to assistants 2. Read business references 3. Record procedures 4. Feedback from assistants 5. View business operations	
PERFORMANCE MODES		1. Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing 4. Listening 5. Viewing	•

(TASK STATEMENT) IMPLEMENT BUILDING MAINTENANCE	्रतिक् SAFETY — HAZARD		Imp: implementation of main, . ice
	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	Consider needed building maintenance Determine available sources of maintenance Consider past experience Consider source costs Request maintenance from appropriate source	CUES Consider knowledge gained in steps
	TOOLS, EQUIPME IT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	Professional assistance  Business records  Calculator  Blueprints  Measuring instruments	What way should building maintenance be performed

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SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Professionalism A,B,C,D,F,G (See Appendix A)	1. Rational numbers 2. Fundamental Operations 3. No. of Committing Desires and Mach. #ide_Calculators
Supervision B,C,E,F,I (See Appendix A)	pts-
Conscious awareness of the need for a balance between tension and relaxation	and graphs - scale drawings/floor plans/blueprints
Conscious awareness of physical expressions basic to peak physical performance	
Conscious awareness of qualities basic to optimal mental performance	

# COMMUNICATIONS

							 		_
	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	(REFER TO COMMUNICATIONS CODE)		Z. KCM 3. WCM					
	EXAMPLES		1. Talk to assistants	<ul><li>2. Kead business references</li><li>3. Record procedures</li></ul>	4. Feedback from assistants	5. View business operations			
	PERFORMANCE MODES			2. Neating 3. Writing		5. Viewing			
(1	0			_			 		
		<u></u>					 	<u></u>	_

#### APPENDIX A

## PROFESSIONALISM

- Maintain capacity to foster trust
- to foster confidentiality Maintain capacity A.
- Maintain capacity to foster cooperation
- Maintain capacity to generate integrity
- Maintain cppacity to cope with conflict behavior **유명 명 명**
- Maintain capacity to function efficiently when encountering fast changing, multiple, personal or situational variables
- Exhibit qualities of self-confidence, self-control, self-reliance, self-respect and adaptability ဗ

#### SUPERVISION

- Distribute personnel with regard to leadership qualities and experience for optimum team performance Ä
  - Maintain customers illusion of privacy by avoiding excessive noise or movement
- Grant appropriate regard for customer's personal space (convenience and special interest) Grant conscious attention to smoothly flowing team work
  - Maintain regard for differing views on maximum efficiency of the operations **电公司电影员语士** 
    - Grant appropriate regard for customer's unique needs
- Exhibit capacity to ascertain best service for the particular party type requested
  - Show and describe facilities with appropriate speed and clarity
    - Communicate pride in establishment

13

# (FEAR, ANXIETY, RIGIDITY, INFLEXIBILITY AND TENSION) INHIBITORS OF EFFICIENT JOB PERFORMANCE RESULTING FROM:

Excessive anticipation of expected events

Excessive pre-occupation with fantasy

Excessive pre-occupation with past experiences 0 4 H 6

(as an external index of self) Excessive identification with one's social role

Excessive attachment to fixed-projected time sets (e.g. schedules, appointments, deadlines, etc.)

Excessive attachment to personal values sets which inhibit open inter-personal communication Excessive mental activity to the complete exclusion of intuitive body expressions

# CONDITIONS FOR HEALTH AND GROWIN-DIRECTED JOB PERFORMANCE

Awareness of one's changing emotional states

Awareness of one's changing physical states

Awareness of one's unlimited intellectual activities ပံ

Awareness of one's diverse, intuitive (creative) capacities

Capacity to perceive, quickly integrate, and function well in the face of unexpected situational variables

Capacity to maintain open-mindedness and composure in the far seemingly different, eccentric or clashing values expressed behaviorally or verbally

#### APPENDIX B

# BASIC ARITHMETIC SKILLS AND CONCEPTS

Set of Real Numbers
Irrationals/Rationals
Fractions/Decimals
Integers (. . .-3, -2, -1, 0, +1, +2, +3, . . .)
Whole Numbers (0, 1, 2, 3, . . .)
Counting Numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, . . .)

Fundamental Operations (calculation)
Addition algorithm
Subtraction algorithm
Multiplication algorithm
Division algorithm

## Basic Skills

- 1. Reduction of fraction
- . Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions

Order of operation, i.e., use of parentheses in simplifying arithmetic expressions

- Changing percents to fractions and fractions to percents
- Finding a percent of a number and what percent one number is of another Changing fractions to decimals and decimals to fractions
  - J. Wieliging Liactions to detimate and detimate
  - 6. Ratio and proportion
- Estimation: rounding off decimals and whole numbers

# APPENDIX B CONTINUED

·\* ·\*

- BASIC MEASUREMENT SKILLS AND CONCEPTS
- "'Heasure sense''/role of "unit" Instruments
- Given an instrument of measure, determine precision and/or accuracy with respect to relative error, significant digits and tolerance
  - Metric and English measure and conversion
- geometric Measurement:
- linear
- volume

area

- angle
- non-geometric Measurement:
  - time
- money
- temperature
- weight
- liquid

  - dry
- pressure speed
- Conversion from one standard unit to another œ 6
- Read and interpret tables, charts and graphs scale drawings/floor plans/b:lueprints
- number line/coordinate graph (2-dimensional and 3-dimensional)
  - representational graphs

#### COMMUNICATIONS CODE APPENDIX C

## Performance Modes

Speaking (SCM)

Reading (RCM)

Writing (WCM)

115

## Skills/Concepts

Terminology/general vocabulary 1. 2. 3. 4. 10. 10.

Implying

Enunciation

Clarity of expression

Persuasion and sales technique

Logic

Gestures

Facial and body features

Poise

Usage

Comprehen" Jn

Detail/inference

Informational reports

Recommendational reports

Progress reports

Proposals

Definition

Terminology

Permanship

Spelling

Memo format

Description

Reports (see above for types)

Business letters (format/content)

Terminology/general vocabulary Clarity of expression

Logic

Usage

# Performance Modes

Listening (LCM)

Viewing (VCM)

Touching (TMC)

Skills/Concepts

1. Auditory discrimination
2. Detection of propaganda devices

Detection of propaganda devices
 Discriminate facts from non facts

4. Recognize opinions

. Concentration

6. Logic (ordering of thoughts

and opinions)
Word definition

8. Note taking

 Visual analysis (see the parts in relation to the whole)

2. Memory (short and long term

retention)

 Logic (ordering of thoughts and perceptions)

4. Recognition of symbols, codes and emblems

1. Size

. Shape

3. Consistency

4. Texture

#### GLOSSARY

Analysis - breaking an idea or a problem down into its parts or a good examination of Accounts receivable - a record of what is owed to an account Accountant - one who is skilled at keeping business records Account - a record of a business transaction or deal

Articles of incorporation - a legal document filed with the state which sets forth the the parts of anything

Asset - anything of worth that is owned

purposes and regulations for a corporation

Balance - (1) the amount of money remaining in an account, (2) when the amounts of money Bad debts - money owed to an account that the agent cannot collect

Balance sheet - an important business record which shows what a business owns and owes in a positive (credit) account and a negative (debit) account are equal at any one time

Capital - available money to invest or the total of accumulated assets available for Business venture - taking financial risks in a commercial enterprise production

Capital requirement - a list (or schedule) of expenses which must be met to establish a business

Cash - money in hand or readily available

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Cash receipts - the money received by a business from customers

Chain of command - the proper lines of authority between the head of an organization, its managers and supervisors and its workers

Contract - an agreement regarding mutual responsibilities between two or more parties Controllable expenses - those expenses which can be controlled or restrained by the business' employees

Corporation - a business venture comprising a group of individuals or objects treated by the law as an individual

Co-signers - joint signers of a loan agreement, pledging to meet the obligations in case of default

Debit - debts recorded

Debts - that which is owed

Default - failure to pay a debt or meet an obligation

Demand - an order to comply with an obligation

Depreciation - a decrease in value through age, wear or deterioration

Economic - pertaining to money or financial matters

Embezzlement - to steal or take by fraud another's property for one's own use

Enterprise - a business firm or a business undertaking

Entrepreneur - a person who organizes and manages a business

Equity capital - venture money

Factors - (1) something which contributes to a result, (2) a finance company specializing in high risk loans (usually at high interest rates)

Financial statement - a record of total assets and liabilities

Financing - obtaining money resources

Franchise (franchisor, franchisee) - a right or privilege to deal in a certain line or Fixed expenses - those costs which do not vary from one period to the next

brand of goods and services

Functional - performing a function or carrying out a characteristic action

Gross - overall total before deductions

Income - money coming in

Industry ratio - the standard or 'average'' percentage of expenses spent by firms in a similar type of business, i.e. firms in the same industry

Interest - the cost of borrowing money

Inventory - a list of present or current assets

Invest - lay out money for any purpose from which a profit is expected

Lease - a long term rental agreement

Liability - debts or that which is owed

Liability insurance - risk protection for accidents for which a business is liable Limited partnership - a legal partnership where some owners are allowed to assume

responsibility only up to the amount invested

Line position - a place of authority in a ''line'' organization Liquidate - to settle a debt or to convert to cash

Loan - money lent at interest

Management - the art of conducting and supervising a business

Marketing - all the functions involved in purchasing and selling Merchandise - goods bought and sold in a business

Motivation - strong influence or incentive

Net - what is left after deducting all charges

Nonrecurring - one time; not repeating

Obsolescense - declined in value because of replacement by new and/or better things Objective - something toward which effort is directed; something to accomplish

Operating costs - expenditures arising out of current business activities Operating organization - the plan for doing business

Operating ratios - the relationship of costs from business activities

Organize - to put in order

Owner manager - one who operates his/her own business

Ownership organization - the legal structure for a business

Partnership - a legal business relationship where individuals share responsibilities, resources and profits

Payable - ready to be paid

Personnel - persons collectively in the employ of a business

Pledge - to bind by a promise, to give possession of something of value as security on a loan

Posting - to enter in an account

Pricing to set a value upon something

Principal - property or capital assets as opposed to income; also, one who is directly concerned in a business enterprise

Profit - financial gain; returns over expenditures

Profit and loss statement - a list of the total amount of sales less expenses and costs to show the amount of "profit or loss" for doing business

Profit margin - an allowance above expenditures in a price

Proprietorship - subject to exclusive ownership

Ratio - the relationship of one thing to another

Rcceivable - ready for payment

Regulations - rules or laws (affecting a business)

Reserve - that which is held back or stored for future use or in case of emergency

Retail - selling directly to the consumer

Recured - protected or guaranteed

Service business - a retail business which deals in activities for the benefit of others Share - one of the equal parts into which the ownership of a corporation is divided

Site - a plot of ground set aside for a particular use

Statistics - a collection of accurate numerical data; classified facts which can be Stabilizing - to make stable; to be less subject to ups and downs stated in numbers

Stock - an ownership share in a corporation (another word for share); accumulated merchan-

**T**, . . .

Transfer - to remove from one place to another or from one person to another Tangible - something that is real Trade credit - permission to buy from suppliers on open account Volume - an amount or quantity (of business) Wholesale - selling for resale

